

## AT NATIONAL CAPITOL.

## Arrangements Made for the Reception of Prince Henry.

Next Thursday, During the McKinley Memorial Exercises, the Prince Will Set By the Side of President Roosevelt.

Washington, Feb. 21.—After conferences between state department officials and members of the senate and house of representatives arrangements have been completed for the reception of Prince Henry when he comes to the capital next Monday afternoon. The prince will be accompanied by Ambassador Von Holleben or Count Quadt and the members of his staff. The party will arrive at the eastern main entrance about 4 o'clock and will enter the building by the rotunda. Here a committee of members of the house will be in waiting to receive him, as the visit to the senate will have to be made later owing to the taking of the vote on the Philippine bill at 4 o'clock. Representatives Grosvenor and Hitt and one democratic member will constitute the committee. The prince will be escorted first to Speaker Henderson's private office, where greetings will be exchanged and the speaker will then invite the prince and his party to occupy the speaker's reserved seats in the gallery. This will give the prince an opportunity to observe the conduct of affairs in the house. After looking down upon the business of the house, Prince Henry will return to the main floor and later will occupy the ways and means committee room for a time in order that members of the house may be presented to him in person. It is understood that this part of the programme carries out a wish expressed by Emperor William that his brother should see not only the legislative branch in session, but also should meet in a personal way the members of this branch of the government.

At the conclusion of the presentations of members to Prince Henry the committee will escort the prince and his party through the corridor to the rotunda, where a committee of senators will meet them and give the visitor the courtesies of the senate.

On the following Thursday when Prince Henry attends the McKinley memorial exercises in the house of representatives he will occupy a seat immediately along side of President Roosevelt, who, with his cabinet, will be in the area to the left of the speaker and in front of the republican side of the chamber. On entering the chamber the prince will be announced as "Prince Henry of Prussia, admiral of the German navy."

## THE PRINCE IN OHIO.

Gov. Nash Will Not Escort the German Admiral Through the State.

Columbus, O., Feb. 21.—Gov. Nash and his staff will not escort Prince Henry through Ohio. In fact, there is no little feeling of irritation concerning the coming of Prince Henry. The governor had evidently planned to ride on the prince's special train during its passage through the boundaries of the Buckeye state, and had so notified the imperial German consul at Cincinnati, Mr. Karl Pollier. Now the governor receives a diplomatic refusal to the request, and there is no telling just how the delicate and embarrassing situation is to be relieved. Thursday morning Gov. Nash received a letter from Mr. Pollier in which the latter says that it could not be arranged that the governor travel with his royal highness through Ohio. The prince will stop at Columbus March 1 at 4:40 p. m. for 10 minutes, and a short oration would be agreeable.

Gov. Nash said Thursday after reading the Pollier letter, that whatever official greeting to Prince Henry there would be on the part of the state, would take place here.

## RUSSIA AND CHINA.

The United States Government Sends Them a Note of Warning.

Peking, Feb. 21.—A sensation was caused in diplomatic circles here Thursday when it became known that the United States, through Secretary of State John Hay, had sent a note to the Russian and Chinese governments following closely along the lines of the Anglo-Japanese treaty of January 30. The note is a distinct warning to both China and Russia that the United States will not permit the integrity of the empire to be molested in favor of one nation to the detriment of another. The note practically indorses the English treaty with Japan.

## Wealthy Farmer Murdered.

St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 21.—John Reemer, a wealthy farmer and stockman, was murdered and his body thrown on the Burlington railway track twelve miles south of this city Thursday. It was found frightfully mangled after a train passed along.

## A \$120,000 Fire at Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 21.—The large dry goods store of Cordes & Mosby, on Broad street, with the entire stock, was destroyed by fire Thursday night. The origin of the fire is not definitely known. The loss is estimated at \$120,000, fully covered by insurance.

## Superintendent of the Capitol.

Washington, Feb. 21.—The president has appointed Elliott Woods superintendent of the capitol and its grounds. Mr. Woods was assistant under the late Edward Clark, former architect of the capitol.

## IMMENSE ICE GORGE.

Allegheny River Blocked From Pittsburgh 70 Miles Up the River.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 21.—A sleet storm Thursday night with rapidly moderating weather and two days of rain predicted by the government weather office promises to bring about the conditions feared for weeks past by river men and citizens generally. The great danger apprehended is from the immense gorges of ice in the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. The obstructions are liable to do almost incalculable damage to river craft moored between this point and Wheeling, and should the moderate weather and rains bring down with the ice the heavy snows from up-river points the flood which will result is likely to be a record breaker.

The gorge in the Allegheny extends almost without a break from Pittsburgh fully 70 miles up the river and varies in thickness from five to sixteen feet. The ice is frozen to the bottom of the river in many places and is damming the water with the result that the river is rising above the gorge, and this fact points out that when the first rise comes the water will be dammed back until the valley along the river would be flooded, which would do a damage not to be computed in money.

The gorge in the Monongahela is not feared so much because the numerous dams along its length will serve to break the ice and make it less dangerous than the Allegheny.

The situation was made worse Thursday by the formation of a gorge in the Youghiogheny at Versailles and other points around McKeesport, which threatens the barges removed from the Allegheny to the Monongahela and the other boats and barges moored there in pools below McKeesport.

The coal companies are taking every precaution for the protection of their property along the rivers, and all residents in the lowlands and valleys are making ready for the expected flood.

The river from Wheeling to Parkersburg is gorged almost solid and the river men fear this almost as much as they do the gorge in the Allegheny, for the reason that many boats are frozen to the bank at various places and these have no way to protect themselves or their tows from the ice when it breaks. It is feared that in addition to losing their tows many of the boats themselves will be lost on account of the heavy ice.

## WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

A Chain of Stations Will Be Established Along the German Coast.

Berlin, Feb. 21.—The navy department has decided to establish a chain of wireless telegraph stations along the entire German coast. For the last few days trials have been conducted at Kiel to determine whether the department shall use the Braun system or the Slaby-Arco system, in the latter of which Emperor William has shown great interest. Thirty-two German warships have already been equipped with the Slaby-Arco system of wireless telegraphy, while eight more are to have this system installed. Official reports say that the Slaby-Arco system gives the most satisfactory results as by this system address messages are transmitted a distance of 125 miles as against 90 miles by the Marconi system.

## ONE KILLED AND FOUR HURT.

A Coasting Party Met With a Terrible Accident Near Pittsburgh.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 21.—At Wilmerding Thursday night in a bob sled accident one young woman was killed and four other coasters badly injured. The party were coasting down Glen street, a very steep thoroughfare, which was coated with ice. The sled, which was being guided by Wm. Rath, got beyond control and at the corner of Margaretta street dashed into a sewer drop. Miss Mary Purseley's head was wedged in the uprights of the drop. She was dead when taken out.

## To Destroy Rats in Germany.

Berlin, Feb. 21.—The destruction of rats throughout the empire so far as this is practicable, is under consideration by the imperial health department, of which Dr. Koehler is president and to which some of the most distinguished scientists of Germany are attached as counselors.

The object of the health department is to mitigate the danger of contagious diseases. Dr. Robert Koch, the eminent bacteriologist, has been commissioned to devise the tactics of the campaign to this end, which will be begun in the seaports.

## The Shamaka Disaster.

London, Feb. 21.—Cabling from St. Petersburg, the correspondent of the Daily Mail says the seismic disturbances at Shamaka have recommenced and that a fresh volcano began to erupt vigorously last Wednesday. The correspondent adds that the number of killed in the Shamaka district is now estimated at 5,000.

## To Check Duelling.

Berlin, Feb. 21.—The reichstag passed a resolution calling on the federal governments to employ strict disciplinary and legal measures to check the abuse of duelling which, it was asserted, is now spreading among army officers.

## Y. M. C. A. Buildings at Military Posts.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Senator Hawley, from the senate committee on military affairs, reported favorably the bill authorizing the Y. M. C. A. to erect buildings at military posts on government reservations.

## THE PRINCE'S ARRIVAL

He Received a Hearty Welcome as the Nation's Guest Sunday.

On His Visit to Adm. Evans He Was Received By the Squadron With All the Honors Due to His Rank.

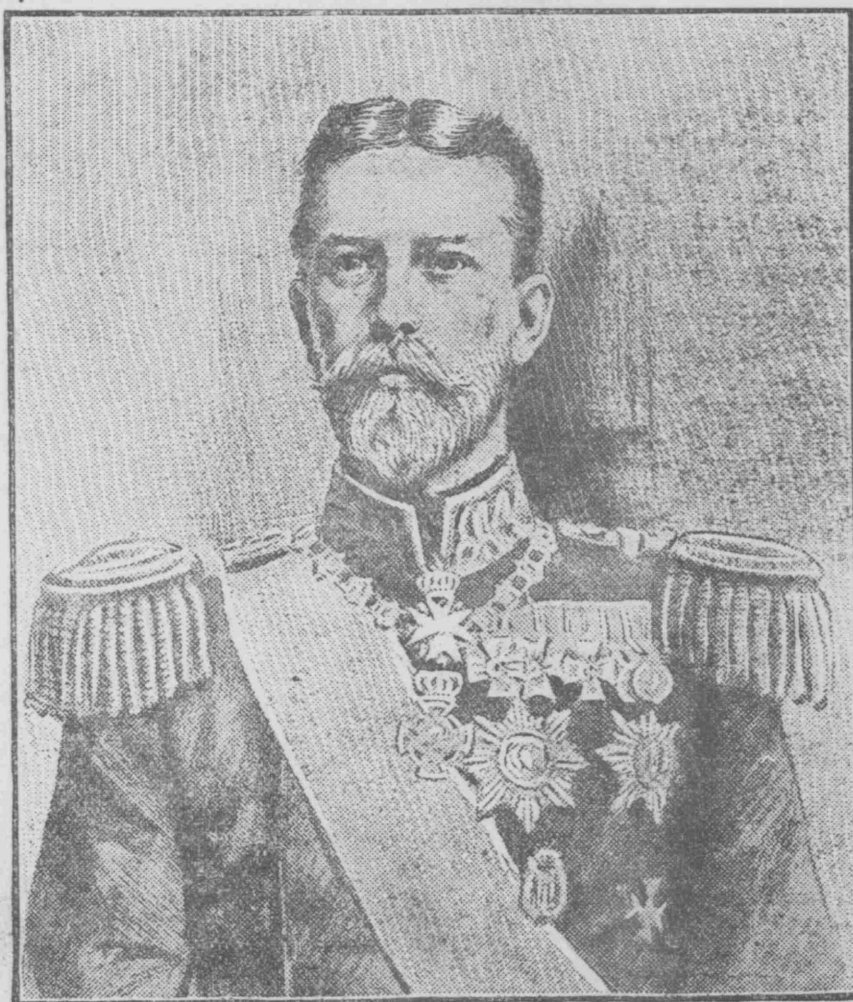
New York, Feb. 24.—Prince Henry of Prussia, representative of his brother, the emperor of Germany, at the launching of the latter's American-built yacht, was cordially welcomed as a guest of the nation. The land batteries that guard the outer harbor sounded the first greeting in a ponderous salute of 21 guns, the rifles of a special naval squadron assembled in his honor re-echoed the sentiment, there were verbal greetings from the representatives of President Roosevelt, the army, the navy and the city of New York, and a great crowd lined the way into the city to see and cheer the sailor prince of Germany.

Rr. Adm. Robley D. Evans, commander of the special squadron and honorary aide to the prince, left the flagship Illinois in the naval tug Nina. With him were Capt. G. A. Converse, his chief of staff; Flag Lieut. Frederick Chapin, Ensign Frank T. Evans, aide, and Capt. Reuber-Paschwitz, naval attaché at the Washington embassy of the German government. They were all in full dress uniform. The Nina met the Kron Prinz beyond Fort Wadsworth and, swinging around on the

the German colors and was covered half its length. The prince was met at the bottom of the gang plank by Adm. Von Baudissen, commander of the Hohenzollern, and his officers. Meanwhile the band from the Kron Prinz Wilhelm was playing the German national air.

Taking the precedence due to his rank, Prince Henry walked up the gang plank, followed by the officers of the Hohenzollern. The first of his callers to arrive after he had boarded the Hohenzollern was Gen. Brooke, U. S. A., accompanied by two aides. Adm. Barker and his aide, Capt. West, representing the United States navy, followed, and then came the German ambassador at Washington and his brilliantly attired suite of military and naval attaches and secretaries, and the military attaché of the German embassy at Mexico, Lieut. Bartels. Following the German ambassador came the special representation of the president of the United States.

Capt. Nathan Sargent then called on the prince as the special representative of Adm. Dewey. The captain said that he had been sent by the admiral especially to express to the prince the admiral's regret at not being able to greet him personally, and to pay his respects. The list of callers was ended with the mayor's party, which included himself and his private secretary. The German consul general at New York and his suite formed a part of the German ambassador's party. About an hour was spent by the prince in receiving his callers and in making an admiral's inspection of the troops and crew of the Hohenzollern. Then followed a lunch. The prince invited to this luncheon those of the



PRINCE HENRY OF PRUSSIA.

starboard side of the liner, steamed up the bay. Prince Henry, attired in the uniform of an admiral of the German navy and surrounded by his naval and military staff in brilliant uniform, stood on the bridge of the liner. As the naval tug drew nearer to the steamship Prince Henry and Adm. Evans caught sight of each other and exchanged informal salutes.

As the first gun sounded the prince advanced to the end of the bridge of the Kron Prinz Wilhelm and stood at attention. As he passed the big American flag floating over the fortifications he touched his cap in salute and the members of his suite did likewise. The flag at the jackstaff of the Kron Prinz was dipped and the German naval band accompanying the prince played "The Star Spangled Banner." The guns of Fort Wadsworth were not silent before those across the narrows at Fort Hamilton boomed out their salute. When that ceremony was over the Kron Prinz was stopped and the Nina hauled around to her port side and Adm. Evans and his staff boarded her. The passengers were gathered on the main deck and there was a hearty cheer as the admiral came up the gangway.

Adm. Evans was escorted forward at once and in the quarters of Capt. A. Richter, master of the Kron Prinz, he and the prince met. The prince came forward and, taking the hand of the naval officer, shook it warmly.

"I am very glad to see you, sir," said the admiral.

"Everybody in the United States is waiting to welcome you. It is my pleasure, sir, to formally greet you in their behalf."

"I thank you, sir, and through you the people of your country," responded the prince. "I am very glad to be here and on this splendid day. The emperor directed me to convey his compliments to you, admiral, and I do so with very great pleasure."

Adm. Evans expressed gratification at the thoughtfulness of the emperor. He presented the members of his staff and the prince gave each a hearty handshake and a cordial word.

The last greeting in the run up the river was from the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, which is to be the home of the prince while in New York. She wore a full dress of flags and her white paint with its trimming of gold shone in the brilliant sun.

Americans among his callers who represented the navy, and besides there were at the board the members of the prince's suite and of the German embassy at Washington. At Prince Henry's right sat the highest representative of the emperor in this country, Ambassador Von Holleben, and on his left Adm. Evans. Next to the ambassador on the prince's right sat Capt. Converse, of the Illinois, and the other Americans present at the luncheon were Lieut. Chapin and Ensign Evans, son of Adm. Evans.

The prince boarded the tug Nina at 3:30 to repay his calls. He was accompanied by one aide and Adm. Evans and Ensigns Evans and Chapin. He visited the navy yard first, called on Adm. Barker and then Governor's island, where he called on Gen. Brooke. From Governor's island the tug proceeded to the battleship Illinois, where he called on Adm. Evans and inspected the ship. He was received by the squadron with the honors due to his rank.

The four ships of Adm. Evans' squadron were prettily illuminated Sunday night. The battleship Illinois, at the head of the fleet, had her name in electric lights across the bridge in letters two feet high. Along either side of the ship, at a height equal to the top of the pilot house, she displayed in lights the words: "Welcome, Prince Henry." The showing made by the Cincinnati was the best in the squadron, exceeding that of the flagship.

New York, Feb. 24.—The prince and his party reached Jersey City at 12:10 a. m. and walked to the train through a roped enclosure guarded by 80 policemen under Chief of Police Murphy, of Jersey City. The train consisted of eight cars, the last one being the Columbia, devoted to the use of the prince and two immediate attendants. Assistant General Passenger Agent G. W. Boyd was in charge of the train. In addition to the police guard on the platform there were present Capt. Titus, of the New York detective bureau, and C. N. Wilkie, of the secret service. The train left the station at 1 a. m., the prince appearing on the rear platform of his car and bowing his acknowledgment of the cheers of those in the station.

## Young Roosevelt's Condition.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The condition of young Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., continues to improve and he is progressing steadily toward complete restoration to health.

Polo is probably the oldest of athletic sports. It has been traced to 600 B. C.

## HELD IN CONTEMPT.

Senators Tillman and McLaurin Fight on the Senate Floor.

It is Likely It Will Be 30 Days Before the Two Senators Will Be Allowed to Address the Senate or Vote.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Washington's birthday was signaled in the United States senate by a fist fight. The day set apart by the nation to afford the American people opportunity to pay fitting tribute to the memory of the first president was the occasion of one of the most sensational scenes ever enacted in the senate chamber.

Senator Tillman, in the course of a speech on the Philippine tariff bill, made a serious reflection upon the honor of his colleague, Senator McLaurin. He accused McLaurin of receiving patronage for a vote. McLaurin pronounced the statement false and received a blow on the head, and a rough-and-tumble fight followed. Mr. Tillman received a bad punch on the nose, which brought blood. Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms Layton separated the combatants and himself received several blows. With the assistance of two senators the belligerent members of the senate were forced into their seats. When order was restored both apologized, but the senate holds them in contempt.

The topic of chief interest in senatorial circles Sunday, and in fact every where in official Washington, was the fight in the senate Saturday between Senators Tillman and McLaurin, of South Carolina. There have been a number of conferences among senators as to what should be done to preserve the dignity of the senate and to manifest its sentiment with reference to the two senators who violated its traditions. While no plan of procedure has been agreed upon, it is learned that there will be very deliberate action, and it is said to be more than likely that it will be not less than 30 days before the two senators are restored to their full power as senators. This deliberation on their case being in the nature of a punishment since they will not be allowed to address the senate or vote until no longer in contempt of the senate.

Senator Burrows is chairman of the committee on privileges and elections and Sunday night he said that in advance of any meeting of the committee he could not say what would be done, but he added that the matter is of such serious import that it must receive careful consideration. It will be a day or two before the committee meets to take up the resolution referred to it by the senate. It is understood the conferences among senators has shown the existence of a considerable sentiment that the apologies made by the senators are not deemed sufficient, and that the committee will require other and more ample apologies to be submitted to it in writing, with the assurance that such apologies will be made to the senate before a report will be made to the effect that the senators have sufficiently purged themselves of the contempt of which the senate has adjudged them guilty.

## THE PRISONERS RELEASED.

Miss Ellen M. Stone and Mme. Tsilka and Baby Are Free.

Constantinople, Feb. 24.—Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, who with Mme. Tsilka was captured by brigands in the district of Salonika September 3 last, has been released and arrived at Strumitza, Macedonia, at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. Nobody was at Strumitza to meet Miss Stone, as the brigands had given no indication where they proposed to release the prisoners. Mme. Tsilka and her baby were also released at the same time. They are all well. Miss Stone immediately made herself known to the authorities at Strumitza. The first news of Miss Stone's release was contained in a telegram received by Mr. Dickinson, the American consul general at Constantinople from the American vice consul at Salonika. The telegram gives no details of the release.

## WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

American Club in Manila Celebrated It With a Reception and Banquet.

Manila, Feb. 24.—The American club here celebrated Washington's birthday with a reception and banquet. Acting Civil Gov. Wright, Gen. Chaffee and Col. Charles A. Woodruff, head of the subsistence department at Manila, made speeches in which it was advocated that all Americans work together for the future good of the Philippine islands. Twelve hundred Americans attended the reception.

## McGovern and Sullivan.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 24.—Terry McGovern and Dave Sullivan, principals in Saturday night's fight in which McGovern won in the 15th round, both left Sunday for New York.

## To Rival Them All.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—A new union station, which, with adequate terminal facilities, will cost the great sum of \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000, is proposed for Chicago by the Pennsylvania management. The building will rival, if not excel, any in the United States.

## Antitrust Law Valid.

Macon, Ga., Feb. 24.—Judge Nottingham, of the Macon court, in the suit of the Jones Grocery Co. vs. the National Biscuit Co., decided the antitrust law of Georgia to be constitutional.

## PARK AVENUE HOTEL FIRE.

The Nineteenth Victim Died Sunday—The Ruins of the Armory.

New York, Feb. 22.—Fire broke out early Saturday morning in the armory of the 71st regiment, N. Y. N. G., spread to the Park Avenue hotel and it is estimated at least 19 lives were lost, while the damage is roughly estimated at over \$1,000,000. One woman, a guest of the hotel, jumped from the fifth story and is believed to be fatally injured. Four bodies had been taken out up to 3:30 Saturday morning.

The Park Avenue hotel will, it is believed, be a total loss. The 71st regiment armory, a magnificent granite structure and one of the finest in the city, was destroyed.

New York, Feb. 24.—Sophia Beach, 61 years of age, a guest of the Park Avenue hotel, who was burned about the face and body Saturday morning, died in Bellevue hospital Sunday. This makes the 19th victim. All the other fire victims in the different hospitals will probably recover.

Rev. Wm. Boardman, of Norwalk, Ct., who is suffering from burns about the face, hands and body, improved somewhat Sunday. The body of the unidentified woman at the morgue was recognized as that of his wife, Julia.

The ruins of the 71st regiment armory and the scorched upper stories of the Park Avenue hotel were gazed at Sunday by thousands. A single fire engine sent a stream of water on one spot of the armory ruins where were stored 50,000 rounds of cartridges and a small quantity of powder. The other ammunition in the armory was all exploded while the fire burned.

So great was the crowd seeking admittance to the hotel that police guards were placed at the entrances. District Attorney Jerome arrived at the hotel in the morning, accompanied by half a dozen of his county detectives and Fire Chief Coker. They examined the burned portion of the hotel and talked with Mr. Reed, the proprietor. The elevator shaft was examined and in the basement was found one hand fire extinguisher empty. It was the only one the chief found in the hotel. One of the assistants told the visitors there was no way in which the fire could get to the elevator shaft without some one deliberately placing it there.

## CORTEZ CAPTURED.

The Second in Command to Gen. Malvar Is Now a Prisoner.

Manila, Feb. 24.—A force of native constabulary at Santa Cruz, province of Laguna, Luzon, has captured Cortez, second in command to the insurgent general, Malvar, and turned him over to the military authorities. Cortez was in fancied security in a suburb of Santa Cruz, known as Alipit, and was raising funds for the insurrection. A friendly native informed Inspector Sorrensen of this fact and the capture of Cortez followed.

Few insurgents remain in the provinces of Batangas and Laguna. Gen. J. Franklin Bell has accomplished his intended purpose of ridding this district of insurgents, though for the present the civil commission consider it inadvisable to declare the provinces in question to be pacified.

Large numbers of insurgents who have been driven from Batangas and Laguna have joined the Ladrone in the neighboring province of Cavite, where the native constabulary are bounding them from place to place. Gen. Trias, the present governor of Cavite province, who formerly bitterly opposed the Americans in that district, has given proof of his true friendliness and is using every effort to run down and capture the Ladrone.

## KILLED BY THE BOXERS.

C. A. Anderson Files a \$30,000 Claim For the Death of His Sister.

Whiting, Ia., Feb. 24.—Chas. A. Anderson has filed a claim with the state department at Washington for \$30,000 damages for the death of his sister, Hilda S. Anderson, who was killed by the Boxers in Mongolia province, in China, in 1900. Two of Mr. Anderson's sisters were killed in China during the late uprising against foreigners, but only one was a subject of the United States, the other sister being a citizen of Sweden. Hilda S. Anderson was naturalized at Rockford, Ill. in 1897, and went to China as a missionary for the Christian Alliance.

Convention Between Russia and Corea. Yokohama, Feb. 24.—It is reported here from Seoul that a convention has been concluded between Russia and Corea under the terms of which Corea agrees not to grant any state or individual the island of Ko-Je, the shore opposite, or any part of the coast from that point to Chemulpo.

## Third Largest Telescope.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 24.—Dr. John Peate, the aged manufacturer of telescopes, has given to the American university at Harriman, Tenn., the third largest telescope in the United States. The instrument will be exceeded in size only by the Lick telescope and the Yerkes observatory instrument.

## Capt. Henry Acquitted.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 24.—Capt. J. V. Henry, former secretary-treasurer of the United States Railway Mail Clerks' Mutual Benefit association, charged with embezzling \$3,500 of the association's funds, was found not guilty.

## Ex-Mayor Stokely.

New York, Feb. 24.—Ex-Mayor Wm. S. Stokely, of Philadelphia, died Saturday night in that city of paralysis, with which he was stricken several weeks ago. Mr. Stokely was born in 1823. He was three times mayor.